



Genome Health

The smart way to manage the health and prevent the diseases

Genome Health analyzes genetic variants (SNV) which can increase the risk of disease onset through DNA in the blood and provides customized health management information.

✕ Why should we take Genome Health?

High-clinical⁺ efficacy

Genome Health analyzes the genes with **high-clinical efficacy** selected by laboratory medicine specialists.

up to **45**

44-45 kind of diseases could be checked **at once**.

Test could be recommended to

Who wants to check the risk of disease onset

Who wants a brand new type of health checkup test

Who wants to check the genetic variants particularly related to the diseases

3 levels of a test result by each disease



General care

Moderate risk of developing disease

Maintain your dietary habits and lifestyle healthy.



Attentive care

Slightly higher risk of developing disease

Improve your dietary habits and lifestyle more healthier.



Intensive care

High risk of developing disease

Consulting with physician regularly is recommended since the risk of developing certain disease is especially high.

✕ Special point



SNV related to **44-45** diseases



NGS is used for the test



Database specialized for **Middle East and Asia**

Test information

Test name	Genome Health (M), Genome Health (F)
Specimen	EDTA WB 3.0ml or Buccal Swab
TAT	9 days
Test method	NGS (Next Generation Sequencing)

Tested disease



Neurological disease

- Ischemic stroke
- CADASIL
- Moyamoya disease
- Cerebral aneurysm
- Alzheimer's disease
- Frontotemporal dementia
- Parkinson's disease
- Migraine
- Depressive disorder



Respiratory disease

- COPD*
- Asthma



Cancer

- Liver cancer
- Thyroid cancer
- Gallbladder cancer
- Colorectal cancer
- Head and neck cancer
- Bladder cancer
- Esophageal cancer
- Kidney cancer
- Gastric cancer
- Pancreatic cancer
- Lung cancer

Male caners (2 types)

- Testicular cancer
- Prostate cancer

Female cancers (3 types)

- Ovarian cancer
- Breast cancer
- Cervical cancer



Eye disease

- Corneal dystrophy
- Glaucoma
- Sjögren's syndrome
- Uveitis
- Macular degeneration



Cardiovascular disease

- Hypertension
- Coronary artery disease
- Acute cardiac arrest
- Myocardial infarction
- Cardiomyopathy
- Atrial fibrillation
- Heart failure



Digestive disease

- Pancreatitis



Musculoskeletal disease

- Osteoporosis
- Osteoarthritis
- Rheumatoid arthritis



Metabolic disease

- Type 2 diabetes
- Hypercholesterolemia
- Hypertriglyceridemia
- Vitamin B12 concentration